#### PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COUNTY OF EL DORADO SOMERSET, CALIFORNIA

ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

JUNE 30, 2019

#### JUNE 30, 2019

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#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Trustees Pioneer Union School District Somerset, California

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pioneer Union School District as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pioneer Union School District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, I express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pioneer Union School District, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Board of Trustees Pioneer Union School District Page Two

#### **Other Matters**

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12, budgetary comparison information on page 48, and accounting by employer for pensions on pages 49 and 50 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Pioneer Union School District's basic financial statements. The introductory, financial, and statistical information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The introductory, financial, and statistical information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the introductory, financial, and statistical information listed as supplementary information in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, I have also issued my report dated November 19, 2019, on my consideration of Pioneer Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Pioneer Union School District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Pioneer Union School District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

MICHELLE M. HANSON Certified Public Accountant

November 19, 2019

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

The discussion and analysis of Pioneer Union School District's financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. To provide a complete understanding of the District's financial performance, please read it in conjunction with the Independent Auditor's Report on page 1, notes to the basic financial statements and the District's financial statements.

The Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is an element of the reporting model adopted by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in their Statement No. 34 Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments issued June 1999. Certain comparative information is required to be presented in the MD&A.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

- ➤ The District continues to provide a quality educational program to its students within the constraints of state funding and no significant changes in student enrollment.
- ➤ General Fund revenues and other sources were more than expenditures and other uses by \$31 thousand, ending the year with available reserves of \$1.0 million, higher than the State recommended reserve level of 5%.
- ➤ In complying with GASB 34, fixed assets were valued at historical cost and are reported on that basis. The total of the District's fixed assets, land, site, buildings, and equipment, valued on an acquisition cost basis was \$13.2 million. After depreciation, the June 30, 2019 book value for fixed assets totaled \$6.4 million.
- ➤ In complying with GASB 68, the District recognized its portion of the unfunded STRS and PERS pension liabilities for the first time in 2014-2015. The District's portion of the unfunded STRS and PERS pension liability, based on the most recent actuarial valuations decreased \$239 thousand in 2018-2019 and is reported in the Statement of Net Position.

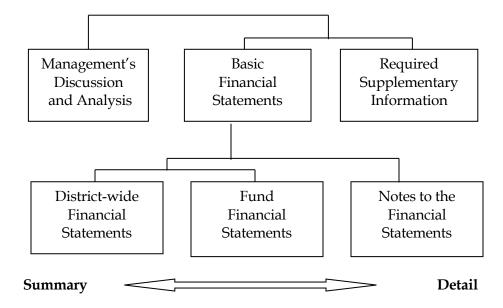
#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of three parts – management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements, and required supplementary information. These statements are organized so the reader can understand the Pioneer Union School District as a financial whole, an entire operating entity. The statements then proceed to provide an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

#### **Components of the Financial Section**



The first two statements are *district-wide financial statements*, the Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities. These statements provide information about the activities of the whole District, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances and a longer-term view of those finances. Fund financial statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements tell how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The fund financial statements also look at the District's more significant funds with all other non-major funds presented in total in one column. A comparison of the District's budgets for the General Fund is included.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### Components of the Financial Section (Concluded)

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary information that further explains and supports the financial statements.

#### Reporting the School District as a Whole

Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities

These two statements provide information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year's revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid. These statements report information on the district as a whole and its activities in a way that helps answer the question, "How did we do financially during 2018-2019?"

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in that position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader, for the District as a whole, the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, some not. Over time, the increases or decreases in the District's net position, as reported in the Statement of Activities, are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. The relationship between revenues and expenses indicates the District's operating results. However, the District's goal is to provide services to our students, not to generate profits as commercial entities. One must consider many other non-financial factors, such as the quality of education provided and the safety of the schools to assess the overall health of the District.

- Increases or decreases in the net position of the District over time are indications of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- Additional non-financial factors such as condition of school buildings and other facilities, and changes to the property tax base of the District need to be considered in assessing the overall health of the District.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

#### Reporting the School District's Most Significant Funds

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the District uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. Some funds are required to be established by State law. However, the District establishes other funds to control and manage money for specific purposes.

#### ♦ Governmental Funds

Most of the District's activities are reported in governmental funds. The major governmental funds of the District are the General Fund, Capital Facilities Fund and Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects. Governmental funds focus on how money flows into and out of the funds and the balances that remain at the end of the year. They are reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's operations and services that help determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs.

#### ♦ Fiduciary Funds

The District is the trustee, or fiduciary, for its student activity fund. The District's fiduciary activities are reported in separate Statements of Fiduciary Net Position. These activities are excluded from the District's other financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to finance its operations. The District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The School District as a Whole

The District's net position was \$4.7 million at June 30, 2019. Of this amount a deficit \$1.9 million was unrestricted. Net investment in capital assets account for \$6.4 million of the total net position. A comparative analysis of government-wide data is presented in Table 1.

### Comparative Statement of Net Position Table 1

	Governmental Activities				
		2019	2018		
ASSETS					
Cash	\$	1,392,076	\$	1,333,686	
Receivables		261,357		71,077	
Stores inventory		1,101		3,288	
Capital assets		6,404,580		6,273,581	
Total assets		8,059,114		7,681,632	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		865,469		1,007,779	
LIABILITIES					
Accounts payable and other current liabilities		160,315		72,225	
Unearned revenue		,		5,713	
Long-term liabilities		3,416,238		3,690,767	
Total liabilities		3,576,553		3,768,705	
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		598,960		453,835	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets		6,404,580		6,257,774	
Restricted		241,576		358,364	
Unrestricted (deficit)		(1,897,086)		(2,149,267)	
Total net position	\$	4,749,070	\$	4,466,871	

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

The District's net position increased \$282 thousand this fiscal year (See Table 2). The District's expenses for instructional and pupil services represented 74 percent of total expenses. The purely administrative activities of the District accounted for just 10 percent of total costs. The remaining -16 percent was spent in the areas of plant services and other expenses, interest on long-term debt and other outgo. (See Figure 2).

### Comparative Statement of Change in Net Position Table 2

	Governmental Activities			
		2019		2018
REVENUES				
Program revenues	\$	<i>777,</i> 570	\$	607,410
General revenues				
Taxes levied for general purposes		1,941,433		1,850,514
Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes		1,180,319		1,218,435
Interest and investment earnings		26,386		13,082
Interagency revenues		71,186		70,156
Total revenues		3,996,894		3,759,597
EXPENSES				
Instruction		1,868,109		1,717,394
Instruction related services		360,127		364,061
Pupil support services		509,101		501,398
General administration		383,562		453,797
Plant services		390,918		408,612
Other		202,878		241,324
Total expenses		3,714,695		3,686,586
Increase in net position	\$	282,199	\$	73,011

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

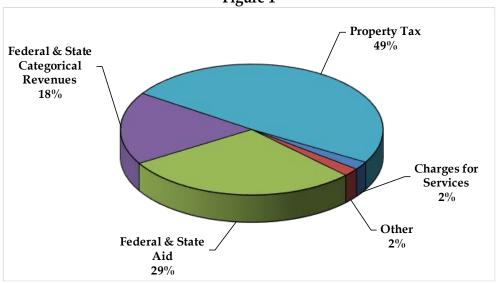
#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS (CONCLUDED)

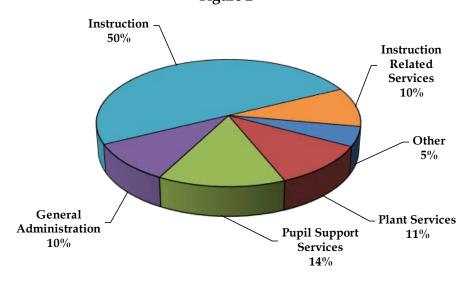
#### **Governmental Activities**

As reported in the Statement of Activities, the cost of all of the District's governmental activities this year was \$3.7 million. The amount that our local taxpayers financed for these activities through property taxes was \$1.9 million. Federal and State aid not restricted to specific purposes totaled \$1.2 million. State and Federal Categorical revenue totaled over \$700 thousand (See Figure 1).

Sources of Revenue for the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year Figure 1



Expenses for the 2018-2019 Fiscal Year Figure 2



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE FUND STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements focus on individual parts of the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. The District's individual fund statements provide information on inflows and outflows and balances of spendable resources. The District's Governmental Funds reported a combined fund balance of \$1.5 million, an increase of \$164 thousand from the previous fiscal year's combined ending balance of \$1.3 million.

#### **General Fund Budgetary Highlights**

Over the course of the year, the District revised the annual operating budget monthly. The significant budget adjustments fell into the following categories:

- Budget revisions to the adopted budget required after approval of the State budget.
- Budget revisions to update revenues to actual enrollment information and to update expenditures for staffing adjustments related to actual enrollments.
- Other budget revisions are routine in nature, including adjustments to categorical revenues and expenditures based on final awards, and adjustments between expenditure categories for school and department budgets.

The final revised budget for the General Fund reflected a net decrease to the ending balance of \$73 thousand.

The District ended the year with \$1.2 million in the General Fund ending balance, of which \$1.0 million is available reserve. The State recommends an ending reserve for economic uncertainties of 5 percent (\$186 thousand) or \$67 thousand, whichever is greater.

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

By the end of the 2018-2019 fiscal year, the District had invested \$13.2 million in a broad range of capital assets, including school buildings, site improvements, and equipment. During 2018-2019, the District had \$388 thousand in capital asset additions with the purchase of three flat panels, the completion of the energy retrofit projects, and continued work on the ongoing water project. Additionally, the District recognized depreciation expense of \$253 thousand.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### CAPITAL ASSET AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION (CONCLUDED)

#### Capital Assets (Concluded)

## Comparative Schedule of Capital Assets (net of depreciation) June 30, 2019 and 2018 Table 3

	 2019	2018		 Difference Increase Decrease)
Land	\$ 95,110	\$	95,110	
Site Improvements			713	\$ (713)
Buildings	5,991,008		5,960,985	30,023
Machinery and Equipment	90,260		93,470	(3,210)
Work in Process	 228,202		123,303	 104,899
Totals	\$ 6,404,580	\$	6,273,581	\$ 130,999

#### **Long-Term Debt**

At June 30, 2019, the District had \$3.4 million long-term debt outstanding.

#### Comparative Schedule of Outstanding Debt June 30, 2019 and 2018 Table 4

	 2019	2018		
Capital Lease Obligations		\$	15,807	
Early Retirement Incentives	\$ 29,000		47,000	
Compensated Absences	14,768		16,152	
Net Pension Liability	 3,372,470		3,611,808	
Totals	\$ 3,416,238	\$	3,690,767	

The long-term debt paid by the District was approximately \$35 thousand in 2018-2019 and was paid from the General Fund and the Deferred Maintenance Fund. The net pension liability decreased \$239 thousand.

#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### FACTORS BEARING ON THE DISTRICT'S FUTURE

The Local Control Funding Formula (LCFF) is aimed at correcting historical inequities while decreasing previous constraints on restricted program expenses. The formula is intended to make funding more transparent and simple. With the flexibility also come requirements for accountability. The Local Control Accountability Plan (LCAP) is mandated and must be aligned and adopted with the District's budget. The LCAP is expected to describe how the District intends to meet annual goals for all pupils, with specific activities to address state and local priorities identified during the LCAP development process.

Planning for the "out years" is much more difficult and volatile under the LCFF funding formula. The funding structure has no statutory cost of living allowance built into it and relies solely on the annual budget process at the legislative level. The ongoing unpredictability of the District's supplemental and concentration funding under the LCFF will also create unstable budgets even now with the LCFF target funding at 100%. Future predictions and uncertainties with the changes to the State funding formula require management to plan carefully and prudently to provide the necessary resources to meet student's needs and continue to keep pace with inflation increases over the next several years.

The approved 2019-2020 State Budget allocated funds to assist LEAs in funding the rising cost of pensions; however, the rising costs of both CalSTRS and CalPERS employer contributions continue to put stress on the District's budget. These costs when combined with the ongoing increases to required operating and maintenance costs have outpaced the limited COLA-only growth in revenue from the LCFF funding.

With the continual reminders that this is the longest economic recovery period California has seen, creating a rising risk of recession, it is more prudent than ever that management maintain fiscal flexibility in order to weather the next economic downturn.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, investors, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to show the District's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, please contact Laura Becker, Chief Business Officer, Pioneer Union School District, 6862 Mt. Aukum Road, Somerset, CA 95864, (530) 620-3556.

#### STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### JUNE 30, 2019

ACCEPTO	Government: Activities				
ASSETS	¢.	1 202 077			
Cash (Note 2)	\$	1,392,076			
Accounts Receivable (Note 3)		261,357			
Stores Inventory (Note 1H)		1,101			
Capital Assets, Net of Depreciation (Note 5)		6,404,580			
Total Assets		8,059,114			
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 1H)					
Deferred Outflows on Pensions (Note 8)		865,469			
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		865,469			
LIABILITIES					
Accounts Payable and Other Current Liabilities		160,315			
Long-term Liabilities (Note 6)					
Due Within One Year		30,768			
Due After One Year		3,385,470			
Total Liabilities		3,576,553			
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES (NOTE 1H)					
Deferred Inflows on Pensions (Note 8)		598,960			
NET POSITION					
Net Investment in Capital Assets		6,404,580			
Restricted For:					
Capital Projects		174,925			
Education Programs		65,550			
Other Purposes (Expendable)		1,101			
Unrestricted (Deficit)		(1,897,086)			
Total Net Position	\$	4,749,070			

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

				Program Revenues			R	et (Expense) evenue and anges in Net Position
				Operating				
			Cha	Charges for Grants and			Go	vernmental
Governmental Activities		Expenses		ervices		ntributions		Activities
Governmentar retrivities		Experises		LIVICES		iti ibutions		Z ICTI ITICS
Instruction	\$	1,868,109	\$	6,389	\$	321,409	\$	(1,540,311)
Instruction-Related Services:								
Supervision of Instruction		112				104		(8)
Instructional Library, Media								
and Technology		107,939				6,021		(101,918)
School Site Administration		252,076		653		27,942		(223,481)
Pupil Services:								
Home-To-School Transportation		241,241		276		5,101		(235,864)
Food Services		188,475		16,672		116,159		(55,644)
All Other Pupil Services		79,385				30,487		(48,898)
General Administration:								
Data Processing		26,689						(26,689)
All Other General Administration		356,873		1,080		35,634		(320,159)
Plant Services		390,918		51,095		152,843		(186,980)
Ancillary Services		10,625				81		(10,544)
Community Services		8,466				378		(8,088)
Interest on Long-Term Debt		365						(365)
Other Outgo		60,025				5,246		(54,779)
Depreciation (unallocated)*		123,397				,		(123,397)
T + 10	_				_			
Total Governmental Activities	\$	3,714,695	\$	76,165	\$	701,405		(2,937,125)
Genera	Re	venues:						
		Taxes Levie	d For:					
	-	al Purposes						1,941,433
		nd State Aid	Not Re	estricted to	Speci	fic Purposes	3	1,180,319
		nd Investme			- F	F		26,386
		cy Revenues						71,186
		ral Revenues						3,219,324
							-	0,217,021
Change	in l	Net Position						282,199
Net Pos	itio	n Beginning						4,466,871
Net Pos	itio	n Ending					\$	4,749,070

<sup>\*</sup> This amount excludes depreciation that is included in the direct expenses of various programs.

#### PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

ASSETS	Ge	eneral Fund	-		Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects		Other Governmental Funds		Total Governmenta Funds	
Cash (Note 2)	\$	1,153,551	\$	174,925	\$	494	\$	86,570	\$	1,415,540
Accounts Receivable (Note 3)		115,640				119,600		26,117		261,357
Due From Other Funds (Note 4)		26,000						6,118		32,118
Stores Inventory (Note 1H)								1,101		1,101
Total Assets	\$	1,295,191	\$	174,925	\$	120,094	\$	119,906	\$	1,710,116
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES Liabilities:										
Deficit Cash (Note 2)							\$	23,464	\$	23,464
Accounts Payable	\$	60,744			\$	94,094	Ψ	5,477	Ψ	160,315
Due to Other Funds (Note 4)	_	6,118			7	26,000		<b>5,</b> =: 1		32,118
Total Liabilities		66,862	\$	0		120,094		28,941		215,897
Fund Balances (Note 1H):										
Nonspendable		1,000						1,101		2,101
Restricted		60,824		174,925				4,726		240,475
Committed								85,138		85,138
Assigned		120,302								120,302
Unassigned		1,046,203								1,046,203
Total Fund Balances		1,228,329		174,925		0		90,965		1,494,219
Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	1,295,191	\$	174,925	\$	120,094	\$	119,906	\$	1,710,116

#### PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2019

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$	1,494,219
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:			
Capital assets: In governmental funds, only current assets are reported. In the statement of net position, all assets are reported, including capital assets and accumulated depreciation.			
Capital assets, at historical cost Accumulated depreciation Net	\$ 13,176,579 (6,771,999)		6,404,580
Long-term liabilities: In governmental funds, only current liabilities are reported. In the statement of net position, all liabilities, including long-term liabilities, are reported. Long-term liabilities relating to governmental activities consist of:			
Net pension liability Early retirement incentives Compensated absences Total	\$ 3,372,470 29,000 14,768	-	(3,416,238)
Deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions: In governmental funds, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are not reported because they are applicable to future periods. In the statement of net position, deferred outflows and inflows of resources relating to pensions are reported.			
Deferred outflows of resources relating to pensions  Deferred inflows of resources relating to pensions  Net	\$ 865,469 (598,960)		266,509
Total net position - governmental activities		\$	4,749,070

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

DEVENILEC	General Fund	Capital Facilities Fund	Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES Local Control Funding Formula Sources State Apportionments Local Sources	\$ 1,105,562 1,861,386			\$ 36,172	\$ 1,141,734 1,861,386
Total Local Control Funding Formula Sources	2,966,948			36,172	3,003,120
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	175,180 408,583 201,065	\$ 56,926	\$ 119,600 448	108,774 36,753 23,557	283,954 564,936 281,996
Total Revenues	3,751,776	56,926	120,048	205,256	4,134,006
EXPENDITURES  Certificated Salaries Classified Salaries Employee Benefits Books and Supplies Services and Other	1,219,836 592,936 798,978 82,375	1 201	620	2,733 81,990 33,949 84,232	1,222,569 674,926 832,927 166,607
Operating Expenditures Capital Outlay Debt Service:	649,524 216,619	1,391	119,813	8,706	660,241 336,432
Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges				15,807 365	15,807 365
Other Outgo	49,146			10,880	60,026
Total Expenditures	3,609,414	1,391	120,433	238,662	3,969,900
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	142,362	55,535	(385)	(33,406)	164,106
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers In (Note 4) Operating Transfers Out (Note 4)	(111,372)		77	111,295	111,372 (111,372)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(111,372)	0	77	111,295	0
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	30,990	55,535	(308)	77,889	164,106
-		119,390	308		1,330,113
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	1,197,339			13,076	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 1,228,329	\$ 174,925	\$ 0	\$ 90,965	\$ 1,494,219

## PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds		\$	164,106
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:			
Capital outlay: In governmental funds, the costs of capital assets are reported as expenditures in the period when the assets are acquired. In the statement of activities, costs of capital assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. The difference between capital outlay expenditures and depreciation expense for the period was:			
Expenditures for capital outlay Depreciation expense Net	\$ 387,771 (252,506)	<u>)                                    </u>	135,265
Pensions: In government funds, pension costs are recognized when employer contributions are made. In the statement of activities, pension costs are recognized on the accrual basis. This year, the difference between accrual-basis pension costs and actual employer contributions			(10.007)
was:			(48,097)
Debt service: In governmental funds, repayments of long-term debt are reported as expenditures. In government-wide statements, repayments of long-term debt are reported as reductions of liabilities. Expenditures for repayment of the principal portion of long-term debt were:			15,807
Gain or loss from disposal of capital assets: In governmental funds, the entire proceeds from disposal of capital assets are reported as revenue. In the statement of activities, only the resulting gain or loss is reported. The difference between the proceeds from disposal of capital assets and the			(4.266)
resulting loss was:  Compensated absences: In governmental funds, compensated absences are measured by the amounts paid during the period. In the statement of activities, compensated absences are measured by the amounts earned. The difference between compensated absences paid and compensated absences earned was:			(4,266) 1,384
Other expenditures relating to prior periods: Certain expenditures recognized in governmental funds relate to prior periods. These expenditures are recognized in the government-wide statement of activities in the period in which the obligations are first incurred, so they must not be recognized again in the current period. Expenditures			
relating to early retirement incentives offered in prior periods were:			18,000
Total change in net position - governmental activities		\$	282,199

#### PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Agency Fund Student Body Account
ASSETS	
Cash (Note 2)	\$ 20,474
Total Assets	\$ 20,474
LIABILITIES	
Due to Student Groups	\$ 20,474
Total Liabilities	\$ 20,474
Total Net Position	\$ 0

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The District accounts for its financial transactions in accordance with the policies and procedures of the Department of Education's <u>California School Accounting Manual</u>. The accounting policies of the District conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountant (AICPA).

#### A. Reporting Entity

A reporting entity is comprised of the primary government, component units and other organizations that are included to ensure the financial statements are not misleading. The primary government of the District consists of all funds, departments, boards and agencies that are not legally separate from the District. For Pioneer Union School District, this includes general operations, food service and student related activities of the District. The District has considered all potential component units in determining how to define the reporting entity, using criteria set forth in generally accepted accounting principles. The District determined that there are no potential component units that meet the criteria for inclusion within the reporting entity.

#### B. <u>Basis of Presentation</u>

#### Government-wide Financial Statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the District and its component units.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This is the same approach used in the preparation of the proprietary fund and fiduciary fund financial statements but differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include a reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government-wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues, which are not classified as program revenues, are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### B. Basis of Presentation (Concluded)

#### **Fund Financial Statements:**

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The focus of governmental fund financial statements is on major funds rather than reporting funds by type. Each major governmental fund is presented in a separate column, and all non-major funds are aggregated into one column. Fiduciary funds are reported by fund type.

The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. With this measurement focus, only current asset and current liabilities are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

Fiduciary funds are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting.

#### C. <u>Basis of Accounting</u>

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting. Fiduciary funds use the accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - exchange and non-exchange transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal year in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal year or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal year. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value without directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### C. Basis of Accounting (Concluded)

Revenues - exchange and non-exchange transactions (Concluded):

Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the year when the resources are to be used or the fiscal year when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

#### Unearned revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as unearned revenue. On governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have also been recorded as unearned revenue.

#### Expenses/expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed. Expenditures incurred in the unrestricted resources shall be reduced first from the committed resources, then from assigned resources and lastly, the unassigned resources.

#### D. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized on the basis of funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. The operations of each fund are accounted for with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures or expenses, as appropriate.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### D. Fund Accounting (Concluded)

District resources are allocated to and accounted for in individual funds based upon the purpose for which they are to be spent and the means by which spending activities are controlled. Each major fund is presented in a separate column. Non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column. The District reports the following major funds:

<u>General Fund</u> is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>Capital Facilities Fund</u> is used to account for restricted resources received from developer impact fees assessed under provisions of the California Environmental Quality Act.

<u>Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects</u> is being used to track income and expenditures for the Mountain Creek School Water Tank Replacement project being funded by the California State Water Resources Control Board.

Additionally, the District reports the following fund type:

<u>Fiduciary Funds</u> are agency funds used to account for assets of others for which the District acts as an agent. The District maintains a student body fund, which is used to account for the raising and expending of money to promote the general welfare, morale, and educational experience of the student body. Agency funds are custodial in nature and do not involve measurement of results of operations. Such funds have no equity accounts since all assets are due to individuals or entities at some future time.

#### E. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for all governmental funds. By state law, the District's governing board must adopt a final budget no later than July 1. A public hearing must be conducted to receive comments prior to adoption. The District's governing board satisfied these requirements.

These budgets are revised by the District's Board of Trustees and District Superintendent during the year to give consideration to unanticipated income and expenditures. The original and final revised budgets are presented for the General Fund as required supplementary information in the financial statements.

Formal budgetary integration was employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The District employs budget control by minor object and by individual appropriation accounts. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object account.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### F. <u>Encumbrances</u>

Encumbrance accounting is used in all budgeted funds to reserve portions of applicable appropriations for which commitments have been made. Encumbrances are recorded for purchase orders, contracts, and other commitments when they are written. Encumbrances are liquidated when the commitments are paid. All encumbrances are liquidated at June 30.

#### G. <u>Estimates</u>

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity

#### 1. <u>Deposits and Investments</u>

Cash balances held in banks and in revolving funds are insured to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation.

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash in the County Treasury. The county pools these funds with those of other districts in the county and invests the cash. These pooled funds are carried at cost, which approximates market value. Interest earned is deposited quarterly into participating funds. Any investment losses are proportionately shared by all funds in the pool.

The County is authorized to deposit cash and invest excess funds by California *Government Code* Section 53648 et seq. The funds maintained by the county either are secured by federal depository insurance or are collateralized.

Investments Valuation - In accordance with GASB Statement No. 31, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Certain Investments and for External Investment Pools and GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application, highly liquid market investments with maturities of one year or less at time of purchase are stated at amortized cost. All other investments are stated at fair value. Market value is used as fair value for those securities for which market quotations are readily available. However, the District's financial statements do not reflect the fair value of investments as the differences between total investment cost and fair value has been determined to be immaterial.

#### 2. Stores Inventory

Inventories are recorded using the consumption method, in that inventory acquisitions are initially recorded in inventory (asset) accounts, and are charged as expenditures when used.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

#### 2. Stores Inventory (Concluded)

Reported inventories are equally offset by nonspendable fund balance, which indicates that these amounts are not "available for appropriation and expenditure" even though they are a component of net current assets. The District's cafeteria inventory valuation is First-in-First-out (FIFO).

#### 3. Prepaid Expenditures

Prepaid expenditures (expenses) represent amounts paid in advance of receiving goods or services. The District has the option of reporting an expenditure in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditures in the period purchased.

#### 4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets purchased or acquired with an original cost of \$5,000 or more are reported at historical cost or estimated historical cost. Contributed assets are reported at fair market value as of the date received. Additions, improvements, and other capital outlays that significantly extend the useful life of an asset are capitalized. Other costs incurred for repairs and maintenance are expensed as incurred. Depreciation on all assets is provided on the straight-line basis over an estimated useful life of 5 to 50 years depending on the asset class.

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and, as such, will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position includes a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and, as such, will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

#### 6. Unearned Revenue

Cash received for federal and state special projects and programs is recognized as revenue to the extent that qualified expenditures have been incurred. Unearned revenue is recorded to the extent that cash received on specific projects and programs exceeds qualified expenditures.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

#### 7. <u>Pensions</u>

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net positions of the California State Teachers Retirement Plan (STRP) and the CalPERS Schools Pool Cost-Sharing Multiple Employer Plan (PERF B) and additions to/deductions from STRP and PERF B fiduciary net positions have been determined on the same basis as they are reported separately by CalSTRS and CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB 68 requires that the reported results must pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. For this report, the following timeframes are used:

Valuation Date June 30, 2017 Measurement Date June 30, 2018

Measurement Period July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018

Gains and losses related to changes in total pension liability are recognized in pension expense systematically over time. The first amortized amounts are recognized in pension expense for the year the gain or loss occurs. The remaining amounts are categorized as deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions and are to be recognized in future pension expense. The amortization period differs depending on the source of gain or loss. The difference between projected and actual earnings is amortized on a straight-line basis over five years. All other amounts are amortized on a straight-line basis over the average expected remaining service lives of all members that are provided with benefits (active, inactive, and retired) at the beginning of the measurement period.

#### 8. <u>Compensated Absences</u>

All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in the governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements. Accumulated sick leave benefits are not recognized as liabilities of the District. The District's policy is to record sick leave as an operating expense in the period taken, since such benefits do not vest, nor is payment probable; however, unused sick leave is added to the creditable service period for calculation of retirement benefits when the employee retires. At retirement, each classified member will receive .004 year of service credit for each day of unused sick leave.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

#### 8. <u>Compensated Absences (Concluded)</u>

Credit for unused sick leave is applicable to all certificated employees and is determined by dividing the number of unused sick days by the number of base service days required to complete the last school year, if employed full-time.

#### 9. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 10. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position is classified in the following categories:

Net Investment in Capital Assets - This amount consists of capital assets net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding debt that attributed to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of the assets.

Restricted Net Position - This amount is restricted by external creditors, grantors, contributors, laws or regulations of other governments.

Unrestricted Net Position - This amount is all net position that does not meet the definition of "net investment in capital assets" or "restricted net position".

#### 11. Use of Restricted/Unrestricted Net Position

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available, the District's policy is to apply restricted net position first.

#### 12. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds report fund balance as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned or unassigned, based primarily on the extent to which the District is bound to honor constraints on how specific amounts are to be spent:

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes the portions of fund balance not appropriable for expenditures.

<u>Restricted Fund Balance</u> - Includes amounts subject to externally imposed and legally enforceable constraints.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

#### 12. Fund Equity (Continued)

<u>Committed Fund Balance</u> - Includes amounts subject to District constraints self-imposed by formal action of the District Governing Board.

<u>Assigned Fund Balance</u> - Includes amounts the District intends to use for a specific purpose. Assignments may be established by the Superintendent with the recommendation of the Chief Fiscal Officer and confirmed by the District Governing Board.

<u>Unassigned Fund Balance</u> - Includes the residual balance that has not been assigned to other funds and is not restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes.

#### Fund Balances

The District's fund balances at June 30, 2019 consisted of the following:

				Capital Facilities	C.	Other overnmental		
	C	eneral Fund		Fund	G	Funds		Total
Nonspendable:	G	merai runu	_	runa		runus		10181
•	ď	1,000					\$	1,000
Revolving Fund Stores Inventory	\$	1,000			\$	1,101	Ф	1,000
Total Nonspendable Fund Balance		1,000			φ	1,101		
Restricted For:		1,000				1,101		2,101
Legally Restricted Categorical Funding		60,824						60,824
State Preschool Program		00,021				4,726		4,726
Purposes Specified in Government						1,7 =0		1,1 =0
Code Sections 65970-65987			\$	174,925				174,925
Total Restricted Fund Balance		60,824	<u> </u>	174,925		4,726		240,475
Committed For:								
Projects Described in 5 Year Deferred								
Maintenance Plan						85,138		85,138
Total Committed Fund Balance		0		0		85,138		85,138
Assigned For:								
Compensated Absences		14,768						14,768
Early Retirement Incentives		31,000						31,000
Library Fund		1,757						1,757
Pupil Transportation		22,131						22,131
Various Donations		4,909						4,909
Program Carryover		25,737						25,737
Textbook Adoption		20,000						20,000
Total Assigned Fund Balance		120,302		0		0		120,302
Unassigned:								
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties		1,046,203						1,046,203
Total Unassigned Fund Balance		1,046,203		0		0		1,046,203
Total Fund Balances	\$	1,228,329	\$	174,925	\$	90,965	\$	1,494,219

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Continued)

#### 12. Fund Equity (Concluded)

Fund Balance Policy

The District believes that sound financial management principles require that sufficient funds be retained by the District to provide a stable financial base at all times. To retain this stable financial base, the District needs to maintain unrestricted fund balance in its General Fund sufficient to fund cash flows of the District and to provide financial reserves for unanticipated expenditures and/or revenue shortfalls of an emergency nature.

The purpose of the District's fund balance policy is to maintain a prudent level of financial resources to protect against reducing service levels because of temporary revenue shortfalls or unpredicted one-time expenditures.

The District has adopted a policy to achieve and maintain unrestricted fund balance in the General Fund of 5% of total General Fund expenditures, other uses and transfers out at the close of each fiscal year, consistent with the recommended level promulgated by the State of California.

Additional detailed information, along with the complete *Fund Balance Policy* can be obtained from the District.

#### 13. <u>Local Control Funding Formula/Property Tax</u>

The District's local control funding formula revenue is received from a combination of local property taxes, state apportionments, and other local sources.

The county is responsible for assessing, collecting, and apportioning property taxes. Taxes are levied for each fiscal year on taxable real and personal property in the county. The levy is based on the assessed values as of the preceding January 1, which is also the lien date. Property taxes on the secured roll are due on November 1 and February 1, and taxes become delinquent after December 10 and April 10, respectively. Property taxes on the unsecured roll are due on the lien date (January 1), and become delinquent if unpaid by August 31.

Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal year of the levy. The county apportions secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Assets, Liabilities and Equity (Concluded)

#### 13. Local Control Funding Formula/Property Tax (Concluded)

This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year.

The County Auditor reports the amount of the District's allocated property tax revenue to the California Department of Education. Property taxes are recorded as local control funding formula sources by the District.

The California Department of Education reduces the District's entitlement by the District local property tax revenue. The balance is paid from the state General Fund, and is known as the State Apportionment.

The District's Local Control Funding Formula Revenue is the amount of general-purpose tax revenue, per average daily attendance (ADA), that the District is entitled to by law. This amount is multiplied by the second period ADA to derive the District's total entitlement.

#### I. Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements

The GASB issued Statement 84, *Fiduciary Activities* in January, 2017. The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported. The Statement is effective beginning in fiscal year 2019-2020. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement 87, Leases in June, 2017. The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This Statement requires the recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. The Statement is effective beginning in fiscal year 2020-2021. The District has not yet determined the impact on the financial statements.

The GASB issued Statement 88, Certain Disclosure Related to Debt, including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements in April, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve the information disclosed in notes to the government financial statements related to debt, providing users of financial statements with essential information that currently is not consistently provided. The Statement is effective beginning in fiscal year 2018-2019. The District has implemented GASB Statement 88 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019 as applicable.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONCLUDED)

#### I. <u>Impact of Recently Issued Accounting Pronouncements (Concluded)</u>

The GASB has also issued Statement 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of a Construction Period (June, 2018), Statement 90, Majority Equity Interests (August, 2018) and Statement 91, Conduit Debt Obligations (May, 2019). These Statements are effective for reporting periods beginning after December 15, 2019, December 15, 2018 and December 15, 2020 respectively, but are not expected to have any impact on the District's financial statements.

#### NOTE 2 - CASH

#### A. <u>Summary of Cash</u>

The following is a summary of cash at June 30, 2019:

Governmental	Fiduciary	
<u>Activities</u>	<u>Funds</u>	<u>Total</u>
\$1,392,076	\$ 20,474	\$1,412,550

The District had the following cash at June 30, 2019:

				Credit
	Fair		Carrying	Quality
	Value		Amount	Rating
Cash in Commercial Bank	\$	20,474	\$ 20,474	Not Rated
Cash in Revolving Fund		1,000	1,000	Not Rated
Cash in County Treasury				
(net of \$23,464 deficit cash)		1,393,027	 1,391,076	Not Rated
Total Cash	\$	1,414,501	\$ 1,412,550	

#### B. Policies and Practices

The District is authorized by State statutes and in accordance with the District's Investment Policy (Policy) to invest in the following:

- Securities issued or guaranteed by the Federal Government or its agencies
- State Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)
- Insured and/or collateralized certificates of deposit

The Policy, in addition to State statues, establishes that funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized and investments shall (1) have maximum maturity not to exceed five years, (2) be laddered and based on cash flow forecasts; and (3) be subject to limitations to a certain percent of the portfolio for each of the authorized investments. The District's investments comply with the established policy.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - CASH (CONTINUED)

#### B. Policies and Practices (Concluded)

#### Cash in Commercial Banks

Cash balances held in commercial banks are insured up to \$250,000 by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). These amounts are held within various financial institutions. As of June 30, 2019 the carrying amount of the District's accounts was \$21,474, all of which was insured.

## Cash in County Treasury

In accordance with *Education Code* Section 41001, the District maintains substantially all of its cash with the County Treasury as an involuntary participant of a common investment pool, which totaled \$513,964,064. The fair market value of this pool as of that date, as provided by the pool sponsor, was \$514,685,048. Interest is deposited into participating funds. The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the county treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The District ended the year with a negative cash balance in the Cafeteria Fund of \$23,464. Under policies set by the El Dorado County Treasurer's Office, the District is allowed to carry a negative cash balance in the fund as long as the combined District cash balance is positive. The District is charged interest on the negative balance by the El Dorado County Treasurer.

#### C. Risk Disclosures

GASB Statement No. 40 requires a determination as to whether the District was exposed to the following specific investment risks at year end and if so, the reporting of certain related disclosures.

Interest Rate Risk - Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates.

Interest Rate Risk (Concluded) - The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the County Pool and having the pool purchase a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

At June 30, 2019 the District had the following investment maturities:

		Investment Maturities (In Years)				
<u>Investment Type</u>	Fair Value	Less than 1		1 to 4	More	than 4
County Treasury	\$ 1,393,027	\$ 1,381,465	\$	11,562	\$	0

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 2 - CASH (CONCLUDED)

## C. Risk Disclosures (Concluded)

Credit Risk - Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The county is restricted by Government Code Section 53635 pursuant to Section 53601 to invest only in time deposits, U.S. government securities, state registered warrants, notes or bonds, State Treasurer's investment pool, bankers' acceptances, commercial paper, negotiable certificates of deposit, and repurchase or reverse repurchase agreements. The ratings of securities by nationally recognized rating agencies are designed to give an indication of credit risk. At year end, the District was not exposed to credit risk.

Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits are exposed to custodial credit risk if they are not covered by depository insurance and the deposits are uncollateralized, collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution, or collateralized with securities held by the pledging financial institution's trust department or agent but not in the District's name.

Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the government, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the District's name. At year end, the District was not exposed to custodial credit risk.

Concentration of Credit Risk - This risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer. At year end, the District was not exposed to concentration of credit risk.

Foreign Currency Risk - This is the risk that exchange rate will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. At year end, the District was not exposed to foreign currency risk.

## NOTE 3 - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2019 consist of the following:

			Spe	cial Reserve			
			I	Fund for		Other	
			Cap	oital Outlay	Gov	ernmental	
	Ger	eral Fund		Projects		Funds	 Total
Federal Government				_			
Categorical Aid Programs	\$	36,923			\$	22,519	\$ 59,442
State Government							
Categorical Aid Programs		8,080				1,694	9,774
Lottery		31,257					31,257
Other		20	\$	119,600			119,620
Total State Government		39,357		119,600		1,694	160,651
Local Government		67					67
Miscellaneous		39,293			\$	1,904	 41,197
Total Accounts Receivable	\$	115,640	\$	119,600	\$	26,117	\$ 261,357

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# NOTE 4 - <u>INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS</u>

Interfund transactions are reported as either loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures/expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transactions among governmental funds are netted as part of the reconciliation to the government-wide financial statements.

# Interfund Receivables/Payables (Due From/Due To)

Individual fund interfund receivable and payable balances at June 30, 2019 were as follows:

	Interfund		Interfund	
	Receivables		Payables	
Major Governmental Funds				
General Fund	\$	26,000	\$	6,118
Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects				26,000
Non-Major Governmental Funds				
Child Development Fund		6,118		
Total	\$	32,118	\$	32,118

## **Interfund Transfers**

Interfund transfers consist of operating transfers from funds receiving revenue to funds through which the resources are to be expended. Interfund transfers for the 2018-2019 fiscal year were as follows:

	Transfers In		Transfers Out	
Major Governmental Funds General Fund Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects	\$	77	\$	111,372
Non-Major Governmental Funds				
Child Development Fund		5,044		
Cafeteria Fund		46,251		
Deferred Maintenance Fund		60,000		
Total	\$	111,372	\$	111,372

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 4 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS (CONCLUDED)

# <u>Interfund Transfers (Concluded)</u>

Transferred \$77 from the General Fund to the Special Reserve Fund for Capital Outlay Projects to reimburse for negative interest charged for period with a negative cash balance.

Transferred \$5,044 General Fund to the Child Development Fund to supplement program operations and provide positive cash flow

Transferred \$46,251 from the General Fund to the Cafeteria Fund to supplement program operations and provide positive cash flow.

Transferred \$60,000 from the General Fund to the Deferred Maintenance Fund for Governing Board directed commitment to deferred maintenance projects.

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2019, is shown below:

	Balance			Balance
	July 01, 2018	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2019
Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 95,110			\$ 95,110
Work in progress	123,303	\$ 120,433	\$ 15,534	228,202
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	218,413	120,433	15,534	323,312
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings	11,727,745	264,827		11,992,572
Improvements of sites	241,124			241,124
Equipment	608,087	18,045	6,561	619,571
Total capital assets, being depreciated	12,576,956	282,872	6,561	12,853,267
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings	5,766,760	234,804		6,001,564
Improvements of sites	240,411	713		241,124
Equipment	514,617	16,989	2,295	529,311
Total accumulated depreciation	6,521,788	252,506	2,295	6,771,999
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	6,055,168	30,366	4,266	6,081,268
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$ 6,273,581	\$ 150,799	\$ 19,800	\$ 6,404,580

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION (CONCLUDED)

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental activities as follows:

#### Governmental Activities:

Instruction	\$ 92,436
Instructional library and media technology	22,256
School site administration	2,567
Home-to-school transportation	7,912
Food services	1,929
Plant services	372
Centralized data processing	1,637
Unallocated	 123,397
	_
Total	\$ 252,506

#### NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

A schedule of changes in long-term debt for the year ended June 30, 2019, is shown below:

	Balance	Due Within			
	July 1, 2018	Additions	Deductions	June 30, 2019	One Year
Capital Lease Obligations Early Retirement Incentives Compensated Absences Net Pension Liability	\$ 15,807 47,000 16,152 3,611,808		\$ 15,807 18,000 1,384 239,338	\$ 0 29,000 14,768 3,372,470	\$ 16,000 14,768
Totals	\$ 3,690,767	\$ 0	\$ 274,529	\$ 3,416,238	\$ 30,768

The compensated absences, early retirement incentive and pension liability will be paid by the General Fund.

#### NOTE 7 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES

In addition to the pension benefits described in Note 8, the District has provided retirement incentive offerings in prior fiscal years. The benefits offered were established each year to meet the District's staffing needs and financial constraints, implemented as a cost savings strategy and required no further services to be performed by the retiree.

Three retirees are entitled to future benefits under the incentives offered in prior years. The projected costs for these participants for future years accrued as long-term debt in the District's Government-wide financial statements are as follows:

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 7 - EARLY RETIREMENT INCENTIVES (CONCLUDED)

Year Ended	Early	Early Retirement		
June 30	Inc	Incentives		
2020 2021 2022	\$	16,000 7,000 6,000		
Total	\$	29,000		

## NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

Qualified employees are covered under cost-sharing multiple-employer contributory retirement plans maintained by agencies of the State of California. Certificated employees are members of the California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) and classified employees are members of the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS).

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019, the Pioneer Union School District reported its proportionate share of the net pension liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources and pension expense for each of the plans as follows:

		Deferred	Deferred		
		Outflows	Inflows		
	Net Pension	Related to	Related to	Pension	
Pension Plan	Liability	Pensions	Pensions	Expense	
CalSTRS CalPERS	\$ 1,886,086 1,486,384	\$ 469,728 395,741	\$ 507,785 91,175	\$ 132,069 224,608	
Totals	\$ 3,372,470	\$ 865,469	\$ 598,960	\$ 356,677	

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

Plan Description. The Pioneer Union School District contributes to the State Teachers' Retirement Plan (STRP), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan administered by California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS). The State of California is a Nonemployer Contributing Entity to the STRP. The plan provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits to beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by state statutes, as legislatively amended, within the State Teachers' Retirement Law. Although CalSTRS is the administrator of the STRP, the State of California is the sponsor of the STRP and obligor of the trust. In addition, the State of California is both an employer and nonemployer contributing entity to the STRP. CalSTRS available financial issues publicly report that can be obtained http://www.calstrs.com/comprehensive-annual-financial-report.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Benefit. The STRP provides defined benefit program benefits under two formulas: 2% at 60 for members hired on or before December 31, 2012 and 2% at 62 for members hired after that date. Both formulas define hire as the date at which the member was hired to perform service that could be creditable to CalSTRS. The benefit under each formula is calculated as 2% per year of creditable service. The 2% at 60 formula uses final compensation to calculate the benefit. The 2% at 62 formula uses an average of the highest compensation for three consecutive years to calculate the benefit.

Contributions. Required member, employer and state contribution rates are set by the California Legislature and Governor and detailed in Teachers' Retirement Law. Contribution rates are expressed as a level percentage of payroll using the entry age normal actuarial cost method. Active plan members under the 2% at 60 formula are required to contribute 10.25% of their salary and active plan members under the 2% at 62 formula are required to contribute 10.205% for the year ended June 30, 2019. The Pioneer Union School District and the State of California are required to contribute actuarially determined rates. The actuarial methods and assumptions used for determining the rates are those adopted by the CalSTRS Teachers' Retirement Board.

The required employer contribution rate for fiscal year 2017-2018 was 14.43% and for fiscal year 2018-2019 was 16.28% of annual payroll. The required State contribution rate for fiscal year 2017-2018 was 9.328% and for fiscal year 2018-2019 the rate was 9.828%. The Pioneer Union School District's contributions to CalSTRS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$170,882 and \$158,276, respectively, and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year.

Contribution by District	\$ 170,882
Contribution by State	172,209
Total Contribution in 2018-2019	\$ 343,091

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,886,086 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the STRP. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's and the State of California's (non-employer contributions of all participating school districts and the State of California, actuarially determined. At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion of contributions was 0.0021 percent, a decrease of 0.00031 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued). For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$132,069 which included the State's required on-behalf contribution of \$36,823. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources	
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:				
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$	5,848	\$	27,396
Changes in assumptions		292,998		
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments				72,626
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions				407,763
District contributions subsequent to measurement date of June 30, 2018		170,882		
Totals	\$	469,728	\$	507,785

The \$170,882 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized as increases or decreases respectively in pension expense as follows:

		Outflows		Inflows		
June 30, 2020	\$	59,770	\$	81,445		
June 30, 2021		59,770		108,709		
June 30, 2022		59,770		158,248		
June 30, 2023		59,770		83,088		
June 30, 2024		59,766		41,556		
June 30, 2025		· 		34,739		
Total	ф	200.046	ф	F.07 70F		
101a1	<u>\$</u>	<u> 298,846</u>	<u>\$</u>	<u>507,785</u>		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Continued)

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded). Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is seven years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Actuarial Assumptions. The total pension liability for the STRP was determined by applying update procedures to a financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 and rolling forward the total pension liability to June 30, 2018. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Experience Study July 1, 2010, through June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Investment Rate of Return 7.10% Consumer Price Inflation 2.75% Wage Growth 3.50%

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases 2.00% simple for DB

Mortality assumptions are based on mortality rates from the most recent CalSTRS experience study adopted by the CalSTRS Board in February, 2017. The projection scale was set to 110 percent of the ultimate improvement factor from the Mortality Improvement Scale (MP-2016), published by the Society of Actuaries.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. The best-estimate ranges were developed using capital market assumptions from CalSTRS general investment consultant (Pension Consulting Alliance – PCA) as an input to the process. The actuarial investment rate of return assumption was adopted by the CalSTRS Board in February, 2017 in conjunction with the most recent experience study. For each future valuation, CalSTRS' consulting actuary (Milliman) will review the return assumption for reasonableness based on the most current capital market assumptions. Best estimates of 20-year geometrically-linked real rates of return and the assumed asset allocation for each major asset class used as input to develop the actuarial investment rate of return are summarized in the following table:

## NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## A. California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS) (Concluded)

Actuarial Assumptions (Concluded).

	Assumed	Long-Term*
	Asset	Expected Real
Asset Class	Allocation	Rate of Return
Global Equity	47%	6.30%
Private Equity	13%	9.30%
Real Estate	13%	5.20%
Inflation Sensitive	4%	3.80%
Risk Mitigating Strategies	9%	2.90%
Fixed Income	12%	0.30%
Cash/Liquidity	2%	(1.00%)

<sup>\* 20-</sup>year geometric average

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10 percent. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed the contributions from plan members and employers will be made at statutory contribution rates. Projected inflows from investment earnings were calculated using the long-term assumed investment rate of return (7.10 percent) and assuming the contributions, benefit payments, and administrative expense occurred midyear. Based on those assumptions, the STRP's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments to current plan members. Therefore, the long-term assumed investment rate of return was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

Presented below is the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability of employers and the state using the current discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one to three percent lower or one to three percent higher than the current rate:

Not Poncion Liability

	Net Pe	ension Liability
Discount Rate	of	Employers
3% Decrease (4.10%)	\$	5,136,392
2% Decrease (5.10%)	\$	3,829,982
1% Decrease (6.10%)	\$	2,762,895
Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	\$	1,886,086
1% Increase (8.10%)	\$	1,159,126
2% Increase (9.10%)	\$	551,315
3% Increase (10.10%)	\$	40,694

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### B. California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS)

Plan Description. The Pioneer Union School District contributes to the School Employer Pool, known as Fund B, (PERF B), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system defined benefit pension plan of school employers consisting of non-teaching and non-certified employees administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). The plan provides retirement and disability benefits, annual cost-of-living adjustments, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. Benefit provisions are established by State of California statutes, as legislatively amended, within the Public Employees' Retirement Law. CalPERS issues a publicly available comprehensive annual financial report that can be obtained at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/cafr-2018.pdf.

Contributions. The benefits for the defined benefit pension plan are funded by contributions from members and employers, and earnings from investments. Member and employer contributions are a percentage of applicable member compensation. Member contribution rates are defined by law and depend on the employee's date of hire. Total plan contributions are calculated through the CalPERS annual actuarial valuation process. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The Pioneer Union School District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of the employees. The required employer contribution rates on applicable annual payroll for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were 18.062% and 15.531%, respectively. The Pioneer Union School District's employer contributions to CalPERS for the fiscal years ending June 30, 2019 and 2018 were \$137,698 and \$114,528, respectively and equal 100% of the required contributions for each year. SB 90 required a one-time appropriation to PERF B from the state's general fund on behalf of California school districts during 2018-2019. The District's proportionate share of these state general fund contributions to PERF B was approximately \$50,353.

*Benefits*. The PERF B provides defined benefit program benefits based on members' years of service, age, final compensation and benefit formula. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits earned to date after five years (10 years for State Second Tier members) of credited service.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions. At June 30, 2019, the District reported a liability of \$1,486,384 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability for the PERF B. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2018, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by applying update procedures to an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating school districts and the state, actuarially determined.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

# B. <u>California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued). At June 30, 2018, the District's proportion of contributions was 0.0056 percent, a decrease of .00042 percent from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2017.

For the year ended June 30, 2019, the District recognized pension expense of \$224,608. At June 30, 2019, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	erred Outflows f Resources	d Inflows sources
Deferred Outflows and Inflows of Resources:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	\$ 97,442	
Changes in assumptions	148,409	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments	12,192	
Changes in proportion and differences between District contributions and proportionate share of contributions		91,175
District contributions subsequent to measurement date of June 30, 2018	 137,698	 
Totals	\$ 395,741	\$ 91,175

The \$137,698 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2020. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to the PERF B pensions will be recognized as increases or decreases respectively in pension expense as follows:

	(	Outflows	1	nflows
June 30, 2020	\$	153,795	\$	52,630
June 30, 2021		114,908		20,286
June 30, 2022		(1,887)		18,259
June 30, 2023		(8,773)		· 
Total	\$	258,043	\$	91,175

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

## B. <u>California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Concluded). Differences between expected and actual experience and changes in assumptions are amortized over a closed period equal to the average remaining service life of plan members, which is four years as of the June 30, 2018 measurement date. Deferred outflows and inflows related to differences between projected and actual earnings on plan investments are netted and amortized over a closed five-year period.

Actuarial Assumptions. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the total pension liability was determined by rolling forward the June 30, 2017 total pension liability. The financial reporting actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017, used the following actuarial methods and assumptions, applied to all prior periods included in the measurement:

Experience Study July 1, 1997, through June 30, 2015

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Investment Rate of Return 7.15% Consumer Price Inflation 2.50%

Wage Growth Varies by entry age and service

Post-Retirement Benefit Increases Contract COLA up to 2.00% until purchasing

power protection allowance floor on purchasing power applies, 2.50% thereafter

The PERF B uses a mortality table based on CalPERS specific data. The table includes fifteen years of mortality improvements using Society of Actuaries Scale 90% of scale MP 2016.

Change in Assumptions. In November, 2017, CalPERS completed an experience study using data collected during fiscal years 1997 to 2015. The experience study was adopted by the CalPERS Board of Administration in December, 2017. The mortality table was developed from the November, 2017 experience study (as described above). The inflation assumption was reduced from 2.75 percent to 2.50 percent. The assumptions for individual salary increases and overall payroll growth were reduced from 3.00 percent to 2.75 percent. These new assumptions will be incorporated into the June 30, 2018 valuation for PERF B. Deferred inflows of resources for changes in assumptions presented in the schedule above represents the unamortized portion of this change and any changes of assumptions related to prior measurement periods.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONTINUED)

#### B. <u>California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Continued)</u>

Discount Rate. The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent. A projection of the expected benefit payments and contributions was performed to determine if assets would run out. The test revealed the assets would not run out. Therefore the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability for the Schools Pool.

The following presents the net pension liability of the Plan as of June 30, 2018, calculated using the discount rate of 7.15 percent, as well as what the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1 percentage-point lower (6.15 percent) or 1 percentage-point higher (8.15 percent) than the current rate:

Plania Not Pancion

	Flairs	s Net Pension
Discount Rate		Liability
1% Decrease (6.15%)	\$	2,164,104
Current Discount Rate (7.15%)	\$	1,486,384
1% Increase (8.15%)	\$	924,118

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

The table below reflects long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation. These geometric rates of return are net of administrative expenses.

New				
Strategic	Real Return	Real Return		
Asset Class	Allocation	Years 1-10 <sup>1</sup>	Years 11+2	
Global Equity	50%	4.80%	5.98%	
Fixed Income	28%	1.00%	2.62%	
Inflation Assets	0%	0.77%	1.81%	
Private Equity	8%	6.30%	7.23%	
Real Assets	13%	3.75%	4.93%	
Liquidity	1%	0%	(0.92%)	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An expected inflation of 2.0% used for this period

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> An expected inflation of 2.92% used for this period

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

## NOTE 8 - EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (CONCLUDED)

# B. <u>California Public Employees Retirement System (CalPERS) (Concluded)</u>

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position. The plan fiduciary net position disclosed in this report may differ from the plan assets reported in the Schools Pool funding actuarial valuation reported due to several reasons. First, for the accounting valuation, items such as deficiency reserves, fiduciary self-insurance and OPEB expense are included in fiduciary net position. These amounts are excluded for rate setting purposes in the funding actuarial valuation. In addition, differences may result from early closing and final reconciled reserves.

## C. Social Security

As established by Federal law, all public sector employees who are not members of their employer's existing retirement system (STRP or PERF B) must be covered by social security or an alternative plan. The District has elected to use Social Security.

## NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

# A. Litigation

The District may be involved in various litigation arising from the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and legal counsel, the disposition of any litigation pending is not expected to have a material adverse effect on the overall financial position of the District at June 30, 2019.

#### B. State and Federal Allowances, Awards and Grants

The District has received state and federal funds for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Although such audits could generate expenditure disallowances under terms of the grants, it is believed that any required reimbursements will not be material.

#### C. Joint Ventures

The District participates in one joint venture under a joint powers agreement (JPA) with the Schools Insurance Authority. The relationship between the District and the JPA is such that the JPA is not a component unit of the District for financial reporting purposes.

The JPA arranges for and/or provides coverage for its members. The JPA is governed by a board consisting of a representative from each member district. The board controls the operations of their JPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets independent of any influence by the member districts beyond their representation on the Board. Each member district pays a premium commensurate with the level of coverage requested and shares surpluses and deficits proportionately to their participation in the JPA.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 10 - RISK MANAGEMENT

## A. <u>Property and Liability</u>

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. During fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the District contracted with Schools Insurance Authority for property and liability insurance coverage and also for theft insurance coverage. Settled claims have not exceeded this commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There has not been a significant change in coverage from the prior year.

#### B. Workers' Compensation

For fiscal year 2018-2019, the District participated in the Schools Excess Liability Fund (SELF), an insurance purchasing pool. The intent of the SELF is to achieve the benefit of a reduced premium for the District by virtue of its grouping and representation with other participants in the SELF. The workers' compensation experience of the participating districts is calculated as one experience and a common premium rate is applied to all districts in the SELF.

Each participant pays its workers' compensation premium based on its individual rate. Total savings are then calculated and each participant's individual performance is compared to the overall savings percentage. A participant will then either receive money from or be required to contribute to the "equity-pooling fund." This "equity pooling" arrangement insures that each participant shares equally in the overall performance of the SELF. Participation in the SELF is limited to districts that can meet the SELF selection criteria.

#### NOTE 11 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Management has evaluated subsequent events through November 19, 2019, the date on which the financial statements were available to be issued.



# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - BUDGET (NON-GAAP) AND ACTUAL GENERAL FUND

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Ві	ıdgeted A	mounts		
	Origi	nal	Final	Actual Amount (GAAP Bas	
REVENUES					
Local Control Funding Formula Sources:					
State Apportionments	\$ 1,167			\$ 1,105,5	
Local Sources	1,780	<u>,297                                    </u>	1,861,387	1,861,3	\$ (1)
Total Local Control Funding					
Formula Sources	2,948	,281	2,966,949	2,966,9	48 (1)
Federal Revenue	154	,792	175,982	175,1	80 (802)
Other State Revenue		,795	414,620	408,5	,
Other Local Revenue		,981	199,760	201,0	, ,
Total Revenues	3,462	.,849	3,757,311	3,751,7	76 (5,535)
EXPENDITURES					
Certificated Salaries	1,237	,418	1,251,858	1,219,8	32,022
Classified Salaries	613	,615	602,947	592 <i>,</i> 9	10,011
Employee Benefits	706	,089	847,744	798,9	78 48,766
Books and Supplies	170	,027	90,092	<b>82,</b> 3	75 7,717
Services and Other					
Operating Expenditures	579	,797	660,908	649,5	11,384
Capital Outlay	150	,000	216,619	216,6	19
Other Outgo	60	,147	49,181	49,1	46 35
Total Expenditures	3,517	,093	3,719,349	3,609,4	109,935
Excess of Revenues					
Over (Under) Expenditures	(54	,244)	37,962	142,3	62 104,400
	`	,			
Other Financing Sources (Uses): Operating Transfers Out	(48	,580)	(110,992)	(111,3	72) (380)
Excess of Revenues Over					
(Under) Expenditures and Other Uses	(102	,824)	(73,030)	30,9	90 104,020
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018	1,036	,869	1,197,339	1,197,3	39 0
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$ 934	,045 \$	1,124,309	\$ 1,228,3	29 \$ 104,020
rana balances june 30, 2017	Ψ 705	ηυπυ ψ	1,147,007	$\psi = 1/220/2$	Ψ 101,020

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

								District's					
								Proportionate					
			State's					Share of the NPL	Plan Fiduciary				
		District's	Proportionate				District's	as a Percentage	Net Position as				
Year	District's	Proportionate	Share of the		Total NPL		Covered-	of its Covered-	a Percentage of				
Ended	Proportion	Share of the	NPL Associated		Attributed to Empl			Employee	<b>Total Pension</b>				
June 30	of the NPL	NPL	with District		District		District		District		Payroll	Payroll	Liability
2019	0.0021%	\$ 1,886,086	\$ 1,079,877	\$	2,965,963	\$	1,096,854	172%	71%				
2018	0.0024%	\$ 2,181,089	\$ 1,290,325	\$	3,471,414	\$	1,254,897	174%	70%				
2017	0.0024%	\$ 1,959,344	\$ 1,115,583	\$	3,074,927	\$	1,220,876	160%	70%				
2016	0.0038%	\$ 1,849,554	\$ 2,061,819	\$	3,911,373	\$	1,256,565	147%	74%				
2015	0.0030%	\$ 1,753,110	\$ 1,073,575	\$	2,826,685	\$	1,344,691	130%	77%				

# Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS)

				Proportionate	
				Share of the	
				NPL as a	Plan Fiduciary
		District's	District's	Percentage of	Net Position as a
	District's	Proportionate	Covered-	its Covered-	Percentage of
Year Ended	Proportion of	Share of the	Employee	Employee	Total Pension
June 30	the NPL	NPL	 Payroll	Payroll	Liability
		_			
2019	0.0056%	\$ 1,486,384	\$ 737,415	202%	71%
2018	0.0060%	\$ 1,430,719	\$ 770,464	186%	72%
2017	0.0066%	\$ 1,307,839	\$ 794,783	165%	74%
2016	0.0068%	\$ 998,255	\$ 749,834	133%	79%
2015	0.0064%	\$ 726,556	\$ 672,413	108%	83%

# SCHEDULES OF THE DISTRICT'S CONTRIBUTIONS

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# California State Teachers' Retirement System (CalSTRS)

			Co	ontributions in				
			F	Relation to the		District's	Contributions as a	
Year	Con	ntractually	(	Contractually	Contribution	Covered-	Percentage of	
Ended	F	Required		Required	Deficiency	Employee	Covered-Employee	
June 30	Co	ntribution		Contribution	(Excess)	Payroll	Payroll	
		•						
2019	\$	170,882	\$	(170,882)	\$ 0	\$ 1,049,644	16.28%	
2018	\$	158,276	\$	(158,276)	\$ 0	\$ 1,096,854	14.43%	
2017	\$	157,866	\$	(157,866)	\$ 0	\$ 1,254,897	12.58%	
2016	\$	131,000	\$	(131,000)	\$ 0	\$ 1,220,876	10.73%	
2015	\$	111,583	\$	(111,583)	\$ 0	\$ 1,256,565	8.88%	

## Public Employee Retirement System (CalPERS)

Year Ended June 30	F	ntractually Required ntribution	I	ontributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution	Contribution Deficiency (Excess)		 District's Covered- Employee Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered-Employee Payroll	
2019	\$	137,698	\$	(137,698)	\$	0	\$ 762,363	18.06%	
2018	\$	114,528	\$	(114,528)	\$	0	\$ 737,415	15.53%	
2017	\$	107,002	\$	(107,002)	\$	0	\$ 770,464	13.89%	
2016	\$	94,159	\$	(94,159)	\$	0	\$ 794,792	11.85%	
2015	\$	88,263	\$	(88,263)	\$	0	\$ 749,834	11.77%	

## NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF SCHEDULES

## A. <u>Budgetary Comparison Schedule</u>

The District employs budget control by object codes and by individual appropriation accounts. Budgets are prepared on the modified accrual basis of accounting in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The budgets are revised during the year by the Board of Trustees to provide for revised priorities. Expenditures cannot legally exceed appropriations by major object code. The originally adopted and final revised budgets for the General Fund are presented as Required Supplementary Information. The basis of budgeting is the same as GAAP.

As of June 30, 2019, excess of expenditures over appropriations in individual funds were as follows:

	I	Excess
	Exp	enditures
<u>Fund</u>		
Major Governmental Funds:		
General Fund		
Transfers Out	\$	380
Non-Major Governmental Funds:		
Child Development Fund		
Employee Benefits	\$	1,259
Food and Supplies	\$	500
Cafeteria Fund		
Employee Benefits	\$	4,040

The District did not adjust the final budget for the unexpected PERS on behalf contribution made by the State of California and the District incurred other unanticipated expenditures for which the budgets were not revised at year end.

## B. Schedules of the District's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability

These schedules present information on the District's portion of the Net Pension Liability of CalSTRS and the Net Pension Liability of CalPERS in compliance with GASB 68. The amounts presented for each fiscal year were determined as of the measurement date that occurred one year prior. These will be 10-year schedules. Years will be added to these schedules in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.

## C. Schedules of the District's Contributions

These schedules provide information about the District's required and actual contributions to CalSTRS and CalPERS during the year. These will be 10-year schedules. Years will be added to these schedules in future fiscal years until 10 years of information is available.



# SOMERSET, CALIFORNIA

JUNE 30, 2019

# **ORGANIZATION**

The Pioneer Union School District was established in 1966 by the consolidation of five elementary schools. The District is in Somerset, California. There was no change in District boundaries during the year. The District operates an elementary school, middle school and one necessary small school.

# **BOARD OF TRUSTEES**

<u>Name</u>	<u>Office</u>	Term Expires
Bruce Bowers	Chairperson	December, 2022
Jody Westfall	Vice Chairperson	December, 2022
Nanette Hargo	Clerk	December, 2020
Stephanie Wunschel	Member	December, 2022
Jonathan Russell	Member	December, 2020

## **ADMINISTRATION**

Annette Lane Superintendent

Laura Becker Chief Business Officer

#### SCHEDULE OF AVERAGE DAILY ATTENDANCE

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Second Period Report EE178BE9	Annual Report C06D7082
Regular ADA		
Transitional Kindergarten through Third	127	128
Fourth through Sixth	88	88
Seventh and Eighth	57	57
Special Education - Nonpublic, Nonsectarian Schools		
Seventh and Eighth	2	2
ADA Totals	274	275

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the numbers of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to the school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### SCHEDULE OF INSTRUCTIONAL TIME

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Grade Level	Minutes Requirement	2018-2019 Actual Minutes	Number of Days Traditional Calendar	Status
Tre tree 1	2 ( 222		100	
TK/Kindergarten	36,000	58,885	180	In Compliance
Grade 1	50,400	<b>52,57</b> 0	180	In Compliance
Grade 2	50,400	52,570	180	In Compliance
Grade 3	50,400	52,765	180	In Compliance
Grade 4	54,000	54,790	180	In Compliance
Grade 5	54,000	54,790	180	In Compliance
Grade 6	54,000	56,674	180	In Compliance
Grade 7	54,000	56,674	180	In Compliance
Grade 8	54,000	56,674	180	In Compliance

The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day. The District has met its local control funding formula target.

Districts that participate in Longer Day Incentive Funding or that met or exceed their local control funding formula target, must provide at least the number of instructional minutes specified in Education Code Section 46201(b) or 46207(a), shown as the minutes requirement above.

## SCHEDULE OF CHARTER SCHOOLS

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit. There were no charter schools in the Pioneer Union School District.

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF UNAUDITED ACTUAL FINANCIAL REPORT WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Auditor's Comments

The audited financial statements of all funds were in agreement with the Unaudited Actual Financial Report for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### SCHEDULE OF FINANCIAL TRENDS AND ANALYSIS

## FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

General Fund	 Budget 2019-2020	 2018-2019	 2017-2018	 2016-2017
Revenues and Other Financial Sources	\$ 3,746,746	\$ 3,751,776	\$ 3,532,597	\$ 3,416,322
Expenditures	3,804,274	3,609,414	3,230,831	3,328,695
Other Uses and Transfers Out	 47,825	 111,372	 54,953	 59,434
Total Outgo	3,852,099	3,720,786	 3,285,784	3,388,129
Change in Fund Balance (Decrease)	 (105,353)	 30,990	 246,813	 28,193
Ending Fund Balance	\$ 868,739	\$ 1,228,329	\$ 1,197,339	\$ 950,526
Available Reserves	\$ 803,662	\$ 1,046,203	\$ 840,466	\$ 169,406
Reserve for Economic Uncertainties	\$ 803,662	\$ 1,046,203	\$ 164,289	\$ 169,406
Unassigned Fund Balance	\$ 0	\$ 0	\$ 676,177	\$ 0
Available Reserves as a Percentage of Total Outgo	20.9%	28.1%	25.6%	5.0%
Total Long-Term Debt	\$ 3,400,238	\$ 3,416,238	\$ 3,690,767	\$ 3,403,196
Average Daily Attendance at P-2	270	274	292	294

This schedule discloses the District's financial trends by displaying past years' data along with current year budget information. These financial trend disclosures are used to evaluate the District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

Available reserves consist of all unassigned fund balances and all funds reserved for economic uncertainty contained within the General Fund.

General fund balance has increased \$305,996 during the past three years. A decrease of \$105,353 is budgeted for 2019-2020. For a district this size, the state recommends available reserves of at least 5% of total general fund expenditures, other uses and transfers out (total outgo.) Average daily attendance has decreased by 20 during the past two years.

Long-Term Debt increased \$13,042 during the past two years, primarily due to the increase in the District's proportionate share of unfunded net pension liability.

The amounts reported as Budget 2019-2020 is presented for additional analysis and has not been audited.

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NON-MAJOR FUNDS JUNE 30, 2019

	Dev	Child elopment Fund	C	afeteria Fund		eferred intenance Fund		Total on-Major vernmental Funds
ASSETS	¢.	1 422			¢	OF 100	ď	06 570
Cash Accounts Receivable	\$	1,432	\$	26,117	\$	85,138	\$	86,570 26,117
Due From Other Funds		6,118	Ψ	20,117				6,118
Stores Inventory				1,101				1,101
Total Assets	\$	7,550	\$	27,218	\$	85,138	\$	119,906
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALAN	NCES							
Liabilities:			ф	22.464			ф	22.444
Deficit Cash	ф	0.004	\$	23,464			\$	23,464
Accounts Payable	\$	2,824		2,653			-	5,477
Total Liabilities		2,824		26,117				28,941
Fund Balances:								
Nonspendable				1,101				1,101
Restricted		4,726						4,726
Committed					\$	85,138		85,138
Total Fund Balances		4,726		1,101		85,138		90,965
Total Liabilities and								
Fund Balances	\$	<i>7,</i> 550	\$	27,218	\$	85,138	\$	119,906

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NON-MAJOR FUNDS 9

REVENUES	Child Development Fund		 Cafeteria Fund	Deferred Maintenance Fund		Total Non-Major Governmental Funds		
Local Control Funding Formula Sources: State Apportionments				\$	36,172	\$	36,172	
Federal Revenue Other State Revenue Other Local Revenue	\$	24,389 7,526	\$ 108,774 12,364 16,007		24_		108,774 36,753 23,557	
Total Revenues		31,915	 137,145		36,196		205,256	
EXPENDITURES Certificated Salaries Classified Salaries Employee Benefits Books and Supplies Services and Other		2,733 19,752 6,185 3,506	62,238 27,764 80,726				2,733 81,990 33,949 84,232	
Operating Expenditures Debt Service: Principal Retirement Interest and Fiscal Charges Other Outgo		3,168 1,563	5,538 9,317		15,807 365		8,706 15,807 365 10,880	
Total Expenditures		36,907	 185,583		16,172		238,662	
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures		(4,992)	(48,438)		20,024		(33,406)	
Other Financing Sources: Operating Transfers In		5,044	46,251		60,000		111,295	
Excess of Revenues and Other Sources Over (Under) Expenditures		52	(2,187)		80,024		77,889	
Fund Balances - July 1, 2018		4,674	3,288		5,114		13,076	
Fund Balances - June 30, 2019	\$	4,726	\$ 1,101	\$	85,138	\$	90,965	

# PIONEER UNION SCHOOL DISTRICT COMBINING STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES AGENCY FUNDS

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Student Body Account	_	alance 01, 2018	A	dditions	Dec	ductions	Balance e 30, 2019
ASSETS Cash	\$	17,224	\$	27,334	\$	24,084	\$ 20,474
<b>LIABILITIES</b> Due to Student Groups	\$	17,224	\$	27,334	\$	24,084	\$ 20,474

#### NOTES TO SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

#### NOTE 1 - PURPOSE OF STATEMENTS AND SCHEDULES

# A. Schedule of Average Daily Attendance

Average daily attendance is a measurement of the number of pupils attending classes of the District. The purpose of attendance accounting from a fiscal standpoint is to provide the basis on which apportionments of state funds are made to school districts. This schedule provides information regarding the attendance of students at various grade levels and in different programs.

#### B. Schedule of Instructional Time

This schedule presents information on the amount of instructional time and number of days offered by the District and whether the District complied with the provisions of Education Code Sections 46201 through 46208. The District has received incentive funding for increasing instructional time as provided by the Incentives for Longer Instructional Day, and has met its local control funding formula target.

## C. Schedule of Charter Schools

This schedule is provided to list all charter schools chartered by the District and displays information for each charter school on whether or not the charter school is included in the District audit.

#### D. Reconciliation of Unaudited Actual Financial Report with Audited Financial Statements

This schedule provides the information necessary to reconcile the fund balances of all funds and the total liabilities balance of the general long-term debt account group as reported on the Unaudited Actual Financial Report to the audited financial statements.

## E. Schedule of Financial Trends and Analysis

This schedule is presented to improve the evaluation and reporting of the going concern status of the District.

## F. Combining Statements and Individual Fund Schedules

Combining statements and individual fund schedules are presented for purposes of additional analysis, and are not a required part of the District's basic financial statements. These statements and schedules present more detailed information about the financial position and financial activities of the District's individual funds.





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# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Trustees Pioneer Union School District Somerset, California

I have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Pioneer Union School District, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Pioneer Union School District's basic financial statements, and have issued my report thereon dated November 19, 2019.

## **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Pioneer Union School District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Pioneer Union School District's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Pioneer Union School District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Board of Trustees Pioneer Union School District Page Two

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item 2019-001 that I consider to be a significant deficiency.

# **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Pioneer Union School District's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### Pioneer Union School District's Response to Findings

Pioneer Union School District's response to the finding identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Pioneer Union School District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of my testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

MICHELLE M. HANSON Certified Public Accountant

November 19, 2019



200 Gateway Drive, #370 Lincoln, CA 95648 ∴: (916) 434-1425 ∴: michelle@mhansoncpa.com

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

Board of Trustees Pioneer Union School District Somerset, California

I have audited Pioneer Union School District's compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting that could have a direct and material effect on each of Pioneer Union School District's State government programs as noted below for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements of State laws and regulations.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance with State laws and regulations of Pioneer Union School District's State government programs based on my audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to below. I conducted my audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on the applicable State laws and regulations listed below occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Pioneer Union School District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as I considered necessary in the circumstances.

I believe that my audit provides a reasonable basis for my opinion. However, my audit does not provide a legal determination of Pioneer Union School District's compliance with those requirements.

In connection with the audit referred to above, I selected and tested transactions and records to determine the District's compliance with the state laws and regulations applicable to the following items:

	Procedures
<u>Description</u>	<u>Performed</u>
Local Education Agencies Other Than Charter Schools:	
Attendance	Yes
Teacher Certification and Misassignments	Yes
Kindergarten Continuance	Yes
Independent Study	No (see next page)
Continuation Education	Not Applicable
Instructional Time	Yes
Instructional Materials	Yes
Ratio of Administrative Employees to Teachers	Yes
Classroom Teacher Salaries	Yes
Early Retirement Incentive	Not Applicable
GANN Limit Calculation	Yes
School Accountability Report Card	Yes
Juvenile Court Schools	Not Applicable
Middle or Early College High Schools	Not Applicable
K-3 Grade Span Adjustment	Yes
Transportation Maintenance of Effort (MOE)	Yes
Apprenticeship: Related and Supplemental Instruction	Not Applicable
Comprehensive School Safety Plan	Yes
District of Choice	Not Applicable

	Procedures
<u>Description</u>	<u>Performed</u>
School Districts, County Office of Education and Charter Schools:	
California Clean Energy Jobs Act	Yes
After/Before School Education and Safety Program	Not Applicable
Proper Expenditure of Education Protection Account Funds	Yes
Unduplicated Local Control Funding Formula Pupil Counts	Yes
Local Control and Accountability Plan	Yes
Independent Study - Course Based	Not Applicable
Charter Schools:	
Attendance	Not Applicable
Mode of Instruction	Not Applicable
Non-Classroom-Based Instruction/Independent Study	Not Applicable
Determination of Funding for Non-Classroom-Based	
Instruction	Not Applicable
Annual Instructional Minutes - Classroom Based	Not Applicable
Charter School Facility Grant Program	Not Applicable

Procedures were not performed for Independent Study attendance because the average daily attendance generated by the program was below the level required for testing.

Procedures were not performed on the items marked "Not Applicable" because the District does not operate those programs.

#### **Opinion on Each State Government Program**

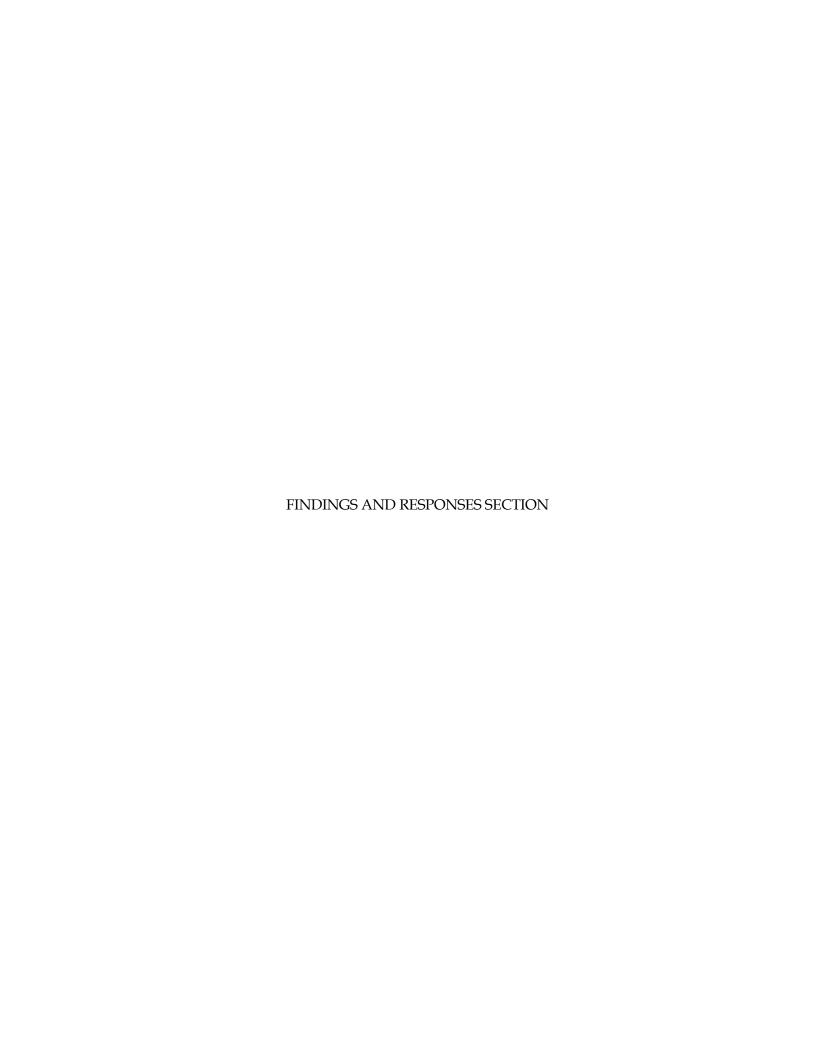
In my opinion, Pioneer Union School District, complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its State government programs for the year ended June 30, 2019.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report on compliance is solely to describe the scope of my testing of compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the 2018-2019 Guide for Annual Audits of K-12 Local Educational Agencies and State Compliance Reporting published by the Education Audit Appeals Panel. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

MICHELLE M. HANSON Certified Public Accountant

November 19, 2019



# SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements		
Type of auditor's report issued:	Unmodified	
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified	Yes	<u>x</u> No
that are not considered to be material weaknesses?	<u>x</u> Yes	None reported
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	Yes	<u>x</u> No
State Awards		
Internal control over financial reporting: Material weakness(es) identified? Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material	Yes	<u>x</u> No
weaknesses?	Yes	<u>x</u> None reported
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for state programs:	Unmodified	

#### SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

#### FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Section II - Financial Statements Findings and Responses

#### 2019 - 001 - CASH RECEIPTS - 30000

<u>Criteria:</u> Sound cash management procedures include internal controls for handling cash from the time the cash is collected to the time it is deposited into the District bank account to discourage theft and protect those who handle the cash. Internal controls include segregating duties so that one person is not handling a transaction from beginning to end, systems of checks and balances, asset security etc.

<u>Statement of Condition:</u> During testing of internal controls over cash receipts it was noted there is insufficient documentation showing the proceeds from fundraisers are reconciled to the actual goods/services sold or donations received. Additionally, it was noted there were payments (cash and checks) received by District employees more than one month prior to being deposited.

<u>Cause:</u> There do not appear to be sufficient cash control procedures in place for handling the cash and checks collected at the time the fundraising events are held through submission to the District office for deposit.

<u>Effect or Potential Effect:</u> While I did not identify any improprieties, weak controls at the time money is initially collected and the retention of cash receipts by District employees limits management's control over funds received and facilitates an environment where misappropriation of assets may occur and go undetected. Additionally, the risk of funds not being available when presented to the bank increases the longer the check is held resulting in the returned check expense and the chance the transaction will become uncollectible.

<u>Questioned Costs:</u> The condition referred to above was the result of tests of an attribute of the control system and there are not any related questioned costs.

<u>Recommendation:</u> Cash control procedures should be implemented that include a record of the items sold, fees collected, or services provided (as applicable) and the amount of cash received. Depending on the event, this may be done using a cash register, tally sheet, log, two-part receipts or ticket control. This reconciliation should be done at the time of the event, verified by a second person, and the proceeds turned into the District Office immediately or stored in a secure location until it can be turned in. Deposits should be made at least weekly.

<u>Corrective Action:</u> The District has developed a tally sheet for snack bar sales and fundraisers to reconcile funds received and has provided guidance to employees handling cash. In addition, the Chief Business Officer will meet with each employee prior to all fundraisers to review cash handling and deposit procedures. The District has also revised its deposit procedures to ensure deposits are made on a regular basis regardless of the amount of the deposit.

# SCHEDULE OF AUDIT FINDINGS AND RESPONSES

# FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

# Section III - Federal Award Findings and Responses

No matters are reported.

# Section IV - State Award Findings and Responses

No matters are reported.

## SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

JUNE 30, 2019

<u>2018 - 001</u>: The District was not in compliance with the minimum percentage of expenditures for classroom teacher salaries required pursuant to *California Education Code* Section 41372. The District should implement procedures to ensure the minimum percentage is met, or maintain class sizes at or below 28 pupils to qualify for the exemption provisions of *California Education Code* Section 41374.

# **Current Status:**

Accepted Implemented